The development of this form was based on standards promoted by the National Council of Teachers of Social Studies (NCSS), InTASC Standards adopted by the Council for the Accreditation of Educator Preparation (CAEP), and the Connecticut Common Core of Teaching (CCCT). The CCCT has been summarized here for your reference.

A. Teachers apply knowledge by...

- 1. Planning Teachers plan instruction based upon knowledge of subject matter, students, the curriculum and the community and create a structure for learning by selecting and/or creating significant learning tasks that make subject matter meaningful to students.
- 2. Instructing Teachers create a positive learning environment, use effective verbal, nonverbal and media communication techniques, and create and facilitate instructional opportunities to support students' academic, social and personal development.
- **3.** Assessing and Adjusting Teachers use various assessment techniques to evaluate student learning and modify instruction as appropriate.

B. Teachers demonstrate professional responsibility through...

- **1. Professional and Ethical Practice** Teachers conduct themselves as professionals in accordance with the Code of Professional Responsibility for Teachers.
- **2. Reflection and Continuous Learning** Teachers continually engage in self-evaluation of the effects of their choices and actions on students and the school community.
- 3. Leadership and Collaboration Teachers demonstrate a commitment to their students and a passion for improving their profession.

Directions

Student teachers will have a formal review of their progress at the midterm and final using a hard copy of the TCPCG Student Teaching Evaluation Form. It is the responsibility of the student teacher and cooperating teacher to complete this form before the university supervisor arrives for the midterm evaluation. The scores on the evaluation form should represent a consensus between the cooperating teacher and the student teacher. At the midterm evaluation, the cooperating teacher and student teacher will walk the university supervisor through the evaluation form noting the student teacher's strengths and areas of growth. The university supervisor will also note the strengths and weaknesses they have observed, make additional comments on the form, and negotiate any disagreements in scores between the cooperating teacher and the student teacher. The university supervisor will complete and submit the on-line evaluation form based on that consensus.

A three-point scale will be used to evaluate the teacher candidate:

- 1 = Teacher Candidate is not making satisfactory progress in meeting this standard.
- 2 = Teacher Candidate is making satisfactory progress in meeting this standard.
- 3 Teacher Candidate is making outstanding progress in meeting this standard.

Follow Up

Within two weeks after the due date, the student, cooperating teacher, university supervisor, and advisor will receive a PDF of the completed form. If you do not receive this email in two weeks and you have checked your junk mail folder, please contact teachered-surveys@uconn.edu.

Grading

Midterm: A letter grade is not issued on the midterm evaluation, but if a teacher candidate has more than five #1's, the University Supervisor and Cooperating Teacher need to work together with the student to create an Action Plan. The Action Plan needs to be sent to the Director of TCPCG: john.zack@uconn.edu.

Final: Because satisfactory progress is the target for this learning experience, teacher candidates need to aim for a minimum rating of "2" as they seek to meet each standard. On the final, if the teacher candidate has mostly "2's" and five or more "3's," s/he will receive a grade of A. If the candidate has predominantly "2's," a grade of A- is awarded. If the candidate has mostly "2's" and three "1's," s/he will receive a B+. If the candidate has four "1's," s/he will receive a grade of B- or below.

| Participating Individuals: (Si | gnatures are not req | uired on electronic f | orm submitted by t | the University Supervisor) |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| Student Teacher/Candidate (ple | ease print): | | Signature | : |
| Cooperating Teacher (please pr | rint): | | Signature | |
| University Supervisor (please p | orint): | | Signature: | |
| School District: | | _ School: | G | rade Level Placement: |
| Program (select one): TCPCG | Hartford | TCPCG Avery Point | TCPCG | Waterbury |
| Concentration Area/Field of St | udy: | | | |
| Circle or Highlight One: | Midterm | Final | Grade (only ente | er for Final): |

| CT COMMON CORE OF TEACHING: Planning, Instructing, Assessing and Adjusting | Level 1 Not Making Satisfactory Progress | Level 2 Making Satisfactory Progress | Level 3 Making Outstanding Progress | Not Observed |
|--|--|--|---|-----------------|
| 1. Plans and implements instruction based on knowledge of the academic principles, essential concepts, respect for language diversity and learning strategies appropriate to the discipline of History/Social Studies (H/SS) | Knowledge and use of H/SS academic content, essential concepts, and appropriate learning strategies are weak; language diversity is not respected | Makes deliberate attempts to implement instruction based on knowledge of academic principles, essential concepts, respect for language diversity and learning strategies appropriate to the discipline of H/SS | Effectively implements instruction based on knowledge of academic principles, essential concepts, respect for language diversity and learning strategies appropriate to the discipline of H/SS | |
| 2. Responds to the group or individual student's levels of H/SS understanding while teaching | Finds it challenging to respond to the group or individual student's levels of H/SS understanding while teaching | Increasingly responds to the group or individual student's levels of H/SS understanding while teaching | Regularly responds to the group or individual student's levels of H/SS understanding while teaching | |
| 3. Plans and implements H/SS instruction based on knowledge of the community context and of students as a group and as individuals | Does not plan and implement H/SS instruction based on knowledge of the community context and of students as a group and as individuals | Makes deliberate attempts to plan and implement H/SS instruction based on knowledge of the community context and of students as a group and as individuals | Effectively plans and implements H/SS instruction based on knowledge of the community context and of students as a group and as individuals | |
| 4. Constructs H/SS lessons that are adapted to diverse student needs based on understanding of students' different developmental levels and approaches to learning | Shows lack of understanding of students' different developmental levels and approaches to learning and rarely constructs H/SS lessons that are adapted to meet diverse student needs | Shows increasing understanding of students' different developmental levels and approaches to learning and often constructs H/SS lessons that are adapted to meet diverse student needs | Demonstrates accurate understanding of students' different developmental levels and approaches to learning and routinely constructs H/SS lessons that are adapted to meet diverse student needs | |

| | | auon Student reaching Evaluation | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 5. Connects interdisciplinary | Has difficulty connecting | Is working on connecting | Regularly connects |
| concepts, procedures, and | interdisciplinary concepts, | interdisciplinary concepts, | interdisciplinary concepts, |
| applications to build | procedures, and applications to | procedures, and applications to | procedures, and applications to |
| understanding and to help | build understanding and to | build understanding and to | build understanding and to |
| students apply H/SS | help students apply H/SS | help students apply H/SS | help students apply H/SS |
| knowledge and skills to real | knowledge and skills to real | knowledge and skills to real | knowledge and skills to real |
| world problems | world problems | world problems | world problems |
| | | | |
| 6. Plans and implements | Has difficulty planning | In most instances, plans | Consistently plans instruction |
| instruction based on H/SS | instruction based on H/SS | instruction based on H/SS | based on H/SS national and |
| national and state curriculum | national and state curriculum | national and state curriculum | state curriculum frameworks |
| frameworks and classroom | frameworks and classroom | frameworks and classroom | and classroom curricular goals |
| curricular goals | curricular goals | curricular goals | |
| _ | _ | - | |
| 7. Activates students' prior | Seldom activates students' | Often activates students' prior | Regularly activates students' |
| H/SS knowledge and | prior H/SS knowledge and | H/SS knowledge and | prior H/SS knowledge and |
| experience | experience | experience | experience |
| | _ | _ | |
| 8. Asks questions and | Rarely asks questions and | Works diligently to ask | Habitually asks questions and |
| implements methods that | implements methods that | questions and implement | implements methods that |
| encourage students to think | encourage students to think | methods that encourage | encourage students to think |
| critically | critically | students to think critically | critically |
| | | | |
| 9. Provides opportunities for | Randomly and rarely provides | Attempts to provide some | Purposefully and frequently |
| students to solve problems, | opportunities for students to | opportunities for students to | provides opportunities for |
| explain their thinking, and | solve problems, explain their | solve problems, explain their | students to solve problems, |
| evaluate their own | thinking, and evaluate their | thinking, and evaluate their | explain their thinking, and |
| performance | own performance | own performance | evaluate their own |
| | | • | performance |
| | | | |
| 10. Seeks out and uses | Demonstrates little initiative in | In some instances, seeks out | Actively seeks out and uses |
| resources from a variety of | seeking out and using | and uses resources from a | resources from a variety of |
| sources to create meaningful | resources from a variety of | variety of sources to create | sources to create meaningful |
| and challenging curriculum to | sources to create meaningful | meaningful and challenging | and challenging H/SS |
| support students' learning in | and challenging H/SS | H/SS curriculum | curriculum |
| H/SS | curriculum | | |
| | L | | ı |

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| | | | |
| 11. Creates a respectful, supportive, and challenging environment that supports individual student's development, construction of H/SS knowledge, and motivation to learn; in doing so, demonstrates considerable knowledge of child and/or adolescent development and understanding of the multiple interacting influences on H/SS learning | Has difficulty creating a respectful, supportive, and challenging environment that supports individual student's development, construction of H/SS knowledge, and motivation to learn; constrained by limited knowledge of child and/or adolescent development and understanding of the multiple interacting influences on H/SS learning | Usually creates a respectful, supportive, and challenging environment that supports individual student's development, construction of H/SS knowledge, and motivation to learn; in doing so, demonstrates adequate knowledge of child and/or adolescent development and beginning understanding of the multiple interacting influences on H/SS learning | Routinely creates a respectful, supportive, and challenging environment that supports individual student's development, construction of H/SS knowledge, and motivation to learn; in doing so, demonstrates considerable knowledge of child and/or adolescent development and understanding of the multiple interacting influences on H/SS learning |
| 12. Uses informal and formal assessment data to modify H/SS instruction and to plan appropriate lessons, including purposeful choices regarding group formations | Rarely uses informal and formal assessment data to modify H/SS instruction, to plan appropriate lessons, or to make purposeful decisions about group formations | On some occasions, uses informal and formal assessment data to modify H/SS instruction, to plan appropriate lessons, and to make purposeful decisions about group formations | Consistently uses informal and formal assessment data to modify H/SS instruction, to plan appropriate lessons, and to make purposeful decisions about group formations |
| 13. Sequences learning tasks into coherent units of instruction derived from the H/SS curriculum in an effort to effectively scaffold student learning | Does not intentionally sequence learning tasks into coherent units of instruction derived from the H/SS curriculum in an effort to effectively scaffold student learning | Attempts to deliberately sequence learning tasks into coherent units of instruction derived from the H/SS curriculum in an effort to effectively scaffold student learning | Purposely and effectively sequences learning tasks into coherent units of instruction derived from the H/SS curriculum in an effort to effectively scaffold student learning |
| 14. Creates positive and supportive interactions with students by using respectful, appropriate, and effective | Has difficulty creating positive and supportive interactions with students by using respectful, appropriate, and | Attempts to create positive and supportive interactions with students by using respectful, appropriate, and effective | Routinely creates positive and supportive interactions with students by using respectful, appropriate, and effective |

| | | auon Student Teaching Evaluation | |
|---|--|---|---|
| verbal and nonverbal communication techniques | effective verbal and nonverbal communication techniques | verbal and nonverbal communication techniques | verbal and nonverbal communication techniques |
| 15. Documents student H/SS learning in both ongoing and summative ways and provides students with this feedback | Is not systematically documenting student H/SS learning in both ongoing and summative ways and rarely provides students with this feedback | Is beginning to systematically document student H/SS learning in both ongoing and summative ways and often provides students with this feedback | Systematically documents student H/SS learning in both ongoing and summative ways and provides students with this feedback |
| 16. Uses social studies concepts and historical data to help prepare students for active participation in contemporary American society. | Rarely prepares students for active participation in American society through the study of social studies/history. | At times prepares students for active participation in American society through the study of social studies/history. | Successfully prepares students for active participation in American society through the study of social studies/history. |
| 17. Uses technology to enhance students' learning of H/SS. | Does not use technology or uses technology ineffectively. | Is beginning to use technology such as online resources, classroom technology, simulations, etc. to enhance students learning of H/SS. | Effectively uses technology such as online resources, classroom technology, simulations, etc. to enhance students learning of H/SS. |
| 18. Makes connections between social studies domains (US history, world history, government/civics/political science, geography, economics, and behavioral sciences) as well as with the other disciplines when discussing content knowledge. | Shows little understanding intra- and inter-disciplinary connections and how they enrich students' understanding of H/SS. | Demonstrates some ability to make intra- and interdisciplinary connections to enhance student understanding of H/SS. | Engages all students in intra- and inter-disciplinary connections that enrich their understanding of H/SS. |
| 19. Develops students' ability to effectively analyze primary and secondary sources. | Does not use primary and/or secondary sources or does not | Attempts to use support students to effectively analyze | Expertly develops students' ability to effectively analyze primary and secondary sources |

| | support student analysis of these sources. | primary and secondary sources to better understand H/SS. | in order to better understand H/SS. | |
|---|--|---|--|-----------------|
| CT COMMON CORE OF TEACHING: Professional and Ethical Practice, Reflection and Continuous Learning, Leadership and Collaboration | Level 1 Not Making Satisfactory Progress | Level 2 Making Satisfactory Progress | Level 3 Making Outstanding Progress | Not Observed |
| 20. Creates opportunities to communicate with families in supportive and empowering ways, establishes respectful and collaborative relationships with families, and involves families in students' H/SS learning | Does not take initiative to communicate with families in supportive and empowering ways, establish respectful and collaborative relationships with families, and involve families in students' H/SS learning | Makes attempts at communicating with families in supportive and empowering ways, establishing respectful and collaborative relationships with families, and involving families in students' H/SS learning | Creates frequent opportunities to communicate with families in supportive and empowering ways, establishes respectful and collaborative relationships with families, and involves families in students' H/SS learning | |
| 21. Collaborates with a variety of faculty members in the school community to support students' H/SS learning and well-being | Seldomly collaborates with faculty members in the school community to support students' H/SS learning and well-being | Occasionally collaborates with faculty members in the school community to support students' H/SS learning and well-being | Regularly collaborates with a variety of faculty members in the school community to support students' H/SS learning and well-being | |
| 22. Reflects critically on his/her own practice and uses reflection to grow and change practice; is willing to ask probing questions and draw upon H/SS research and theory in an effort to inform and shape practice | Rarely reflects critically on his/her own practice and infrequently uses reflection to grow and change practice; is seldom willing to ask probing questions or consult H/SS research or theory | Often reflects critically on his/her own practice and regularly uses reflection to grow and change practice; is often willing to ask probing questions and occasionally draws upon H/SS research and theory in an effort to inform practice | Consistently reflects critically on his/her own practice and constantly uses reflection to grow and change practice; is routinely willing to ask probing questions and regularly draws upon H/SS research and theory in an effort to inform and shape practice | |

| 23. Seeks out and participates | Rarely seeks out and | Usually seeks out and | Exceeds expectations in | |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| in opportunities to grow professionally | participates in opportunities to grow professionally | participates in opportunities to grow professionally | seeking out and participating in opportunities to grow | |
| professionarry | grow professionarry | grow professionarry | professionally | |
| | | | , reconstruction | |
| NCSS THEMATIC | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| STANDARDS: Pedagogical | Not Making Satisfactory | Making Satisfactory | Making Outstanding | |
| and Professional Knowledge, | Progress | Progress | Progress | |
| Skills and Dispositions | | | LEVEL A DIVIG C | |
| 24. Possesses the knowledge, | Candidate is able to assist | Candidate is able to assist | LEVEL 2 PLUS: Candidate is able to assist learners to | |
| capabilities, and dispositions to organize and provide | learners to understand elements of culture, but does | learners to understand and apply the concept of culture as | interpret patterns of behavior | |
| instruction at the appropriate | not assist learners in seeing | an integrated whole; analyze | as reflecting values and | |
| school level for the study of | culture as an integrated whole. | and explain how groups, | attitudes; construct reasoned | |
| Culture and Cultural | Little or no opportunity exists | societies, and cultures address | judgments about specific | |
| Diversity (NCSS 1.1) | for students to explain how | human needs and concerns; | cultural responses to persistent | |
| | cultures address human needs | predict how experiences may | human issues; explain and | |
| | and concerns; nor predict how | be interpreted by people from | apply ideas, theories, and | |
| | experiences may be | diverse cultural perspectives; | modes of inquiry drawn from | |
| | interpreted by people from | compare and analyze societal | anthropology and sociology | |
| | diverse cultural perspectives | patterns for transmitting and | | |
| | | preserving culture; assess the importance of cultural unity | | |
| | | and diversity | | |
| 25. Possesses the knowledge, | Candidate is able to assist | Candidate is able to assist | LEVEL 2 PLUS: Candidate | |
| capabilities, and dispositions | learners to identify and | learners to understand that | is able to assist learners to use | |
| to organize and provide | describe significant historical | historical knowledge and the | processes of critical historical | |
| instruction at the appropriate | periods and patterns of change | concept of time are socially | inquiry to reconstruct and | |
| school level for the study of | within and across cultures, but | influenced constructions; | interpret the past; investigate, | |
| Time, Continuity, and | provides only a monolithic, | apply key concepts such as | interpret, and analyze multiple | |
| Change (NCSS 1.2) | static view of historic | time, chronology, causality, | historical and contemporary | |
| | knowledge and time. Seldom are patterns of historical | change, conflict, and complexity to show | viewpoints within and across cultures related to important | |
| | change and continuity | connections among patterns of | events, recurring dilemmas, | |
| | explored | historical change and | and persistent issues. | |
| | | continuity; identify and | r | |

| | | describe significant historical | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | | periods and patterns of change | | |
| | | within and across cultures. | | |
| 26. Possesses the knowledge, | While representations of the | Candidate is able to assist | LEVEL 2 PLUS: Candidate | |
| capabilities, and dispositions | Earth and maps are provided, | learners to use, interpret, and | is able to assist learners to | |
| to organize and provide | Candidate does little to help | distinguish various | | |
| | | 1 | describe how people create | |
| instruction at the appropriate | learners to interpret, use, | representations of Earth; | places that reflect culture, | |
| school level for the study of | refine, or distinguish these | construct, use, and refine maps | human needs, current values | |
| People, Places, and | images. Information about | and mental maps, calculate | and ideals, and government | |
| Environments (NCSS 1.3) | people, places, regions, and | distance, scale, area, and | policies; examine, interpret, | |
| | environments is provided, but | density, and organize | and analyze interactions of | |
| | there is no analysis of varying | information about people, | human beings and their | |
| | regional or global patterns. | places, regions, and | physical environments, and to | |
| | Only superficial exploration of | environments in a spatial | observe and analyze social and | |
| | the characteristics, | context; locate, distinguish, | economic effects of | |
| | distribution, and migration of | and describe the relationships | environmental changes; | |
| | human populations is provided | among varying regional and | explore ways in which Earth's | |
| | for learners. | global patterns of physical | physical features have | |
| | | systems; explore | changed over time, and | |
| | | characteristics, distribution, | describe and assess ways | |
| | | and migration of human | historical events have | |
| | | populations. | influenced and been | |
| | | | influenced by physical and | |
| | | | human geographic features | |
| 27. Possesses the knowledge, | Candidate is able to assists | Candidate is able to assist | LEVEL 2 PLUS: Candidate | |
| capabilities, and dispositions | learners to understand the | learners to articulate personal | is able to assist learners to | |
| to organize and provide | concepts of development, | connections to time, place, and | analyze the interactions among | |
| instruction at the appropriate | learning, motivation, behavior, | social/ cultural systems; | ethical, ethnic, national, and | |
| school level for the study of | perception, and personality. | appreciate and describe the | cultural factors in specific | |
| Individual Development and | Candidate struggles to assist | influence of cultures, past and | situations; analyze the role of | |
| Identity (NCSS 1.4) | learners to articulate personal | present, upon the daily lives of | perceptions, attitudes, values, | |
| | connections to time, place, and | individuals; describe how | and beliefs in the development | |
| | cultural systems; appreciate | family, religion, gender, | of personal identity; compare | |
| | and describe the influence of | ethnicity, nationality, and | and evaluate the impact of | |
| | cultures upon the daily lives of | socioeconomic status | stereotyping, conformity, acts | |
| | individuals; or describe how | contribute to the development | of altruism, discrimination, | |

| 28. Possesses the knowledge, | family, religion, gender, ethnicity, nationality, and socioeconomic status contribute to the development of a sense of self. While the candidate is able to | of a sense of self, apply concepts, inquiry, methods, and theories in the study of human growth and development, learning, motivation, behavior, perception, and personality. Candidate is able to assist | and other behaviors on individuals and groups; understand how individual perceptions develop, vary, and can lead to conflict; work independently and cooperatively within groups and institutions to accomplish goals; examine factors that contribute to and damage one's mental health; and analyze issues related to mental health and behavioral disorders in contemporary society. LEVEL 2 PLUS: Candidate |
|--|--|--|--|
| capabilities, and dispositions | assist learners to understand | learners to understand the | is able to assist learners to |
| to organize and provide | the concepts of role, status, | concepts of role, status, and | analyze groups and evaluate |
| instruction at the appropriate | and social class and use them | social class and use them in | the influences of institutions, |
| school level for the study of interactions among | in describing the connections and interactions of individuals, | describing the connections and interactions of individuals, | people, events, and cultures; evaluate the role of institutions |
| Individuals, Groups, and | groups, and institutions in | groups, and institutions in | in furthering both continuity |
| Institutions (NCSS 1.5) | society; understand the various | society; understand the various | and change; analyze the extent |
| (2,000,100) | forms institutions take and | forms institutions take; | to which groups and |
| | describe and examine belief | identify and analyze examples | institutions meet individual |
| | systems basic to specific | of tensions between | needs and promote the |
| | traditions and laws – little is | expressions of individuality | common good |
| | done to analyze tensions | and efforts of groups and | |
| | between individuals and | institutions to promote social | |
| | groups nor to apply ideas and modes of inquiry drawn from | conformity; describe and examine belief systems basic | |
| | the behavioral sciences in the | to specific traditions and laws; | |
| | examination of persistent | explain and apply ideas and | |
| | social issues and problems. | modes of inquiry drawn from | |
| | | the behavioral sciences in the | |

| | l lineary, coolar Gladree Edde | avaning tion of pagistant | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | | examination of persistent | | |
| | | social issues and problems. | | |
| 29 Possesses the knowledge, | Candidate is only able to assist | Candidate is able to assist | LEVEL 2 PLUS: Candidate | |
| capabilities, and dispositions | learners to examine the rights | learners to examine the rights | is able to assist learners to | |
| to organize and provide | and responsibilities of the | and responsibilities of the | explain governmental | |
| instruction at the appropriate | individual in relation to their | individual in relation to their | mechanisms to meet the needs | |
| school level for the study of | families, their social groups, | families, their social groups, | and wants of citizens, regulate | |
| Power, Authority, and | their community, and their | their community, and their | territory, manage conflict, and | |
| Governance (NCSS 1.6) | nation and identify and | nation; understand the purpose | establish order and security; | |
| , | describe the basic features of | of government and how its | apply concepts such as power, | |
| | the American political system, | powers are acquired, used, and | role, status, justice, democratic | |
| | and identify representative | justified; examine issues | values, and influence to the | |
| | leaders from various levels | involving the rights, roles, and | examination of persistent | |
| | and branches of government. | status of individuals in relation | issues and social problems; | |
| | Little attention is given to | to the general welfare; explain | explain and evaluate how | |
| | examining the rights, roles, | conditions, actions, and | governments attempt to | |
| | and status of individuals in | motivations that contribute to | achieve their stated ideals at | |
| | relation to the general welfare; | conflict and cooperation | home and abroad. | |
| | explain conditions, actions, | within and among nations; | none and abroad. | |
| | and motivations that | identify and describe the basic | | |
| | contribute to conflict and | features of the American | | |
| | | | | |
| | cooperation within and among nations. | political system, and identify | | |
| | nations. | representative leaders from | | |
| | | various levels and branches of | | |
| | | government. | | |
| 30. Possesses the knowledge, | Candidate is able to assist | Candidate is able to assist | LEVEL 2 PLUS: Candidate | |
| capabilities, and dispositions | learners to understand the | learners to explain how the | is able to assist learners to | |
| to organize and provide | development of economic | scarcity of productive | analyze the role that supply | |
| instruction at the appropriate | system and the relationship | resources requires the | and demand, prices, | |
| school level for the study of | among various economic | development of economic | incentives, and profits play in | |
| how people organize for the | institutions as well as compare | systems to make decisions | determining what is produced | |
| Production, Distribution, | basic economic systems, | about how goods and services | and distributed in a | |
| and Consumption of goods | distinguishing between | are to be produced and | competitive market system; | |
| and services (NCSS 1.7) | domestic and global economic | distributed; compare the costs | analyze the role of | |
| | systems. Candidate struggles | and benefits to society of | specialization and exchange in | |
| | engaging learners in | allocating goods and services | economic processes; assess | |

| | evaluating the costs and benefits to society of allocating goods and services through private and public means. | through private and public means; understand the relationships among various economic institutions; compare basic economic systems; distinguish between domestic and global economic systems, and explain how the two interact; distinguish | how values and beliefs influence private and public economic decisions; apply economic concepts and reasoning when evaluating historical and contemporary social developments and issues; analyze public issues and devise economic plans for |
|--|--|---|---|
| 31. Possesses the knowledge, capabilities, and dispositions to organize and provide instruction at the appropriate school level for the study of Science, Technology, and Society (NCSS 1.8) | Candidate is able to assist learners to identify and describe both current and historical examples of science, technology, and society as well as identify and perspectives about human societies and the physical world using scientific knowledge. Little is done to help learners make judgments about how science and technology have transformed the physical world and human society nor evaluate various policies proposed to deal with social changes resulting from | between economics as a field of inquiry and the economy. Candidate is able to assist learners to identify, describe, and examine both current and historical examples of the interaction and interdependence of science, technology, and society; make judgments about how science and technology have transformed the physical world and human society; evaluate various policies proposed to deal with social changes resulting from new technologies; identify and interpret various perspectives about human societies and the | accomplishing socially desirable LEVEL 2 PLUS: Candidate is able to assist learners to analyze the way in which science and technology influence core societal values, beliefs, and attitudes and how societal attitudes influence scientific and technological endeavors; formulate strategies and develop policy proposals pertaining to science/technology-society issues |
| 32. Possesses the knowledge, | new technologies. While the candidate attempts | physical world using scientific knowledge Candidate is able to assist | LEVEL 2 PLUS: Candidate |
| capabilities, and dispositions to provide instruction at the appropriate school level for the study of Global | to assist learners to explain how interactions among language, art, music, belief systems, and other cultural elements can facilitate global | learners to explain how interactions among language, art, music, belief systems, and other cultural elements can facilitate global understanding | is able to assist learners to analyze and evaluate the effects of changing technologies on the global community; analyze the |

| ~ . | | tation Student reaching Evaluation | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Connections and | understanding or cause | or cause misunderstanding; | causes, consequences, and |
| Interdependence (NCSS 1.9) | misunderstanding; explain | explain conditions and | possible solutions to |
| | conditions and motivations | motivations that contribute to | persistent, contemporary, and |
| | that contribute to conflict, | conflict, cooperation, and | emerging global issues; |
| | cooperation, and | interdependence among | analyze the causes, |
| | interdependence among | groups, societies, and nations; | consequences, and possible |
| | groups, societies, and nations, | describe and evaluate the role | solutions to persistent, |
| | little is done to help learners | of international and | contemporary, and emerging |
| | evaluate the role of | multinational organizations in | global issues; analyze the |
| | international and multinational | the global arena; illustrate how | relationships and tensions |
| | organizations in the global | individual behaviors and | between national sovereignty |
| | arena; illustrate how | decisions connect with global | and global interests |
| | individual behaviors and | systems. | |
| | decisions connect with global | | |
| | systems. | | |
| 33. Possesses the knowledge, | While the candidate is able to | Candidate is able to assist | LEVEL 2 PLUS: Candidate |
| capabilities, and dispositions | assist learners to understand | learners to understand the | is able to assist learners to |
| to organize and provide | the origins and continuing | origins and continuing | analyze and evaluate the |
| instruction at the appropriate | influence of key ideals of the | influence of key ideals of the | influence of various forms of |
| school level for the study of | democratic republican form of | democratic republican form of | citizen action on public policy; |
| Civic Ideals and Practices | government, little is done to | government; identify, analyze, | evaluate the effectiveness of |
| (NCSS 1.10) | help learners analyze, interpret | interpret, and evaluate sources | public opinion in influencing |
| | or evaluate examples of | and examples of citizens' | and shaping public policy; |
| | citizens' rights and | rights and responsibilities; | evaluate the degree to which |
| | responsibilities, nor analyze | locate, access, analyze, | public policies and citizen |
| | and evaluate, information | organize, synthesize, evaluate, | behaviors reflect or foster the |
| | about selected public issues, | and apply information about | stated ideals of a democratic |
| | nor practice forms of civic | selected public issues; practice | republican form of |
| | discussion and participation | forms of civic discussion and | government; construct policy |
| | consistent with the ideals of | participation consistent with | statements and action plans to |
| | citizens in a democratic | the ideals of citizens in a | achieve goals related to issues |
| | republic. | democratic republic; analyze a | of public concern; participate |
| | | variety of public policies and | in activities to strengthen the |
| | | issues. | "common good." |

Cooperating Teacher writes summary comments about the teacher candidate's progress in preparation for final three-way meeting. University Supervisor adds summary comments at the meeting.

| CT Common Core of Teaching | Summary Comments |
|--|------------------|
| Teachers have knowledge of students, content and pedagogy regarding planning, instructing, assessing and adjusting. | |
| What strengths does the student teacher candidate possess in these areas? | |
| What improvement can the student teacher candidate make in these areas? | |
| Teachers have knowledge of students, content and pedagogy regarding professional and ethical practice, reflection and continuous learning. | |
| What strengths does the student teacher candidate possess in these areas? | |
| What improvement can the student teacher candidate make in these areas? | |
| | |