The development of this form was based on standards promoted by the National Council of Teachers of Social Studies (NCSS), InTASC Standards adopted by the Council for the Accreditation of Educator Preparation (CAEP), and the Connecticut Common Core of Teaching (CCCT). The CCCT has been summarized here for your reference.

A. Teachers apply knowledge by...

- 1. **Planning** Teachers plan instruction based upon knowledge of subject matter, students, the curriculum and the community and create a structure for learning by selecting and/or creating significant learning tasks that make subject matter meaningful to students.
- 2. Instructing Teachers create a positive learning environment, use effective verbal, nonverbal and media communication techniques, and create and facilitate instructional opportunities to support students' academic, social and personal development.
- **3. Assessing and Adjusting** Teachers use various assessment techniques to evaluate student learning and modify instruction as appropriate.

B. Teachers demonstrate professional responsibility through...

- **1. Professional and Ethical Practice** Teachers conduct themselves as professionals in accordance with the Code of Professional Responsibility for Teachers.
- **2. Reflection and Continuous Learning** Teachers continually engage in self-evaluation of the effects of their choices and actions on students and the school community.
- 3. Leadership and Collaboration Teachers demonstrate a commitment to their students and a passion for improving their profession.

C. Items identified in the CT Common Core of Teaching that are common to all student in the Neag School of Education teacher preparation programs.

Directions

Teacher candidates will have a formal review of their progress at the midterm and final using a **hard copy** of the IB/M Student Teaching Evaluation Form. **It is the responsibility of the teacher candidate and cooperating teacher to complete this form before the university supervisor arrives for the evaluation.** The scores on the evaluation form should represent a consensus between the cooperating teacher and the teacher candidate. At the midterm and final evaluation, the cooperating teacher and teacher candidate will walk the university supervisor through the evaluation form noting the teacher candidate's strengths and areas of growth. The university supervisor will also note the strengths and weaknesses they have observed, make additional comments on the form, and negotiate any disagreements in scores between the cooperating teacher and the teacher candidate. The university supervisor will complete and submit the on-line evaluation form based on that consensus.

A three-point scale will be used to evaluate the teacher candidate:

Score 1:	Score 2:	Score 3:
Emerging (Awareness, articulation,	Target (Puts into practice, implements)	Exemplary (Builds on reflection, makes
identification)		changes to improve practice, expands,
		connects)

Follow Up

Within two weeks after the due date, the student, cooperating teacher, university supervisor, and advisor will receive a PDF of the completed form. If you do not receive this email in two weeks and you have checked your junk mail folder, please contact teachered-surveys@uconn.edu.

Grading

Midterm: A letter grade is not issued on the midterm evaluation, and there will be a column added to indicate that the practice being evaluated may not yet have been observed. However, if a teacher candidate has more than five #1's, the University Supervisor and/or Cooperating Teacher need to contact Robin Hands, Ed.D., Director of School-University Partnerships (robin.hands@uconn.edu) in order to work with the teacher candidate to create an Action Plan.

Final: "Target" is developmentally appropriate for this learning experience; therefore, teacher candidates need to aim for a minimum rating of "2" as they seek to meet each standard. On the final, if the teacher candidate has mostly "2's" and five or more "3's," s/he will receive a grade of A. If the candidate has **predominantly** "2's," a grade of A- is awarded. If the candidate has mostly "2's" and three "1's," s/he will receive a B+. If the candidate has four "1's," s/he will receive a grade of B and if five or more #1's, the teacher candidate will receive a grade of B- or below.

Participating Individuals: (Signature 1)	gnatures are not requ	ired on electron	ic form submitted by the University Supervisor)
Teacher Candidate (please print	e):		Signature:
Cooperating Teacher (please pr	int):		Signature:
University Supervisor (please p	rint):		Signature:
School District:		School:	Grade Level Placement:
Program: IB/M, Storrs			
Concentration Area/Field of Stu	ıdy: <i>History/Social S</i>	tudies Education	
Circle or Highlight One:	Midterm	Final	Grade (only enter for Final):

CT COMMON CORE OF TEACHING: Planning, Instructing, Assessing and Adjusting	Score 1: Emerging (Awareness, articulation, identification)	Score 2: Target (Puts into practice, implements)	Score 3: Exemplary (Builds on reflection, makes changes to improve practice, expands, connects)
1. Candidates plan learning sequences that demonstrate alignment with the C3 Framework, state required content standards, and theory and research. NCSS 2a; InTASC 7a; CCT 3.1, 3.2; CP 1, 2.	Candidates plan learning sequences.	Candidates plan learning sequences that demonstrate general alignment with the C3 Framework, state-required content standards, and theory and research.	Candidates plan learning sequences that demonstrate an explicit and specific alignment with the C3 Framework, state required content standards, and theory and research.
2. Candidates plan learning sequences that engage learners with <i>disciplinary concepts, facts, and tools</i> from the social studies disciplines to facilitate learning for civic life. NCSS 2b	Candidates plan learning sequences that use disciplinary concepts, facts, and tools.	Candidates plan learning sequences that engage learners with disciplinary concepts, facts, and tools from the social studies disciplines that enable students to understand the world around them.	Candidates plan learning sequences that engage learners with disciplinary concepts, facts, and tools from the social studies disciplines to foster everyday literacies, disciplinary literacies, and inquiry literacies.
3. Candidates plan learning sequences that engage learners in disciplinary inquiry to develop social studies literacies for civic life. NCSS 2c	Candidates plan learning sequences that use inquiry.	Candidates plan learning sequences that engage learners in the discipline specific ways of knowing that characterize social studies subject matter that enable students to understand the world around them.	Candidates plan learning sequences that engage learners in the discipline specific ways of knowing that characterize social studies subject matter that enable students to investigate issues in the world around them.
4. Candidates plan learning sequences where learners create disciplinary forms of representation that conveys social studies knowledge and civic competence. NCSS 2d	Candidates plan learning sequences that include forms of representation.	Candidates plan learning sequences where learners will create disciplinary forms of representation that communicate the results of disciplinary inquiry.	Candidates plan learning sequences where learners will create disciplinary forms of representation that communicate the results of disciplinary inquiry that fosters political knowledge,

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5. Candidates use theory and research to plan learning sequences that integrate social studies content, disciplinary sources, digital learning, and contemporary technologies to foster inquiry and	Candidates plan learning sequences that do not use technology.	Candidates plan learning sequences that use technology to investigate questions.	self-interested investment in political engagement, and a disposition toward a more inclusive, just, and equitable society. Candidates plan learning sequences that use technology to investigate questions related to diverse, problematic, and controversial issues that lead to a more inclusive, just, and equitable
civic competence. NCSS 2e 6. Candidates design a range of authentic assessments that measure learners' mastery of disciplinary knowledge, inquiry, and forms of representation for competence in civic life and demonstrate alignment with state-required content standards. NCSS 3a	Candidates design assessments that measure learning.	Candidates design a range of authentic assessments that measure how learners explain, apply or justify conclusions that are the result of disciplinary knowledge, inquiry, and forms of representation. AND Candidates align assessments with state required content standards.	Society. Candidates design a range of authentic assessments that measure how learners explain, apply or justify conclusions that are the result of disciplinary knowledge, inquiry, and forms of representation that fosters political knowledge, a self-interested investment in political engagement, and a disposition toward a more inclusive, just, and equitable society. AND Candidates align assessments with state required content standards.
7. Candidates design coherent and relevant learning experiences and engage learners in <i>disciplinary knowledge, inquiry, and forms of</i>	Candidates design learning experiences.	Candidates design coherent and relevant learning experiences that engage learners in disciplinary knowledge, inquiry, and forms of	Candidates design coherent and relevant learning experiences that fosters political knowledge, a self-interested investment in

	Thistory/oddiar oldales Education	Student Teaching Evaluation Form	
representation for competence in		representation.	political engagement, and a
civic life and demonstrate			disposition toward a more
alignment with state-required		AND	inclusive, just, and equitable
content standards. NCSS 3b			society.
		Candidates align learning	
		experiences with state-required	AND
		content standards.	·
		Contone standards.	Candidates align assessments
			with state-required content
			standards.
Q Candidates use theory and	Candidatas implament	Candidates implement a variety	Candidates use principles from
8. Candidates use theory and	Candidates implement	1	
research to implement a variety of	instructional practices and	of instructional practices and	theory and research to justify
instructional practices and	assessments.	authentic assessments that draw	implementation of a variety of
authentic assessments featuring		upon general concepts from	instructional practices and
disciplinary knowledge, inquiry,		theory and research.	authentic assessments featuring
and forms of representation for			disciplinary knowledge, inquiry,
competence in civic life. NCSS			and forms of representation for
3c			competence in civic life.
9. Candidates exhibit data literacy	Candidates collect student	Candidates collect, analyze, and	Actively seeks out and uses
by using assessment data to guide	assessment data.	interpret various types of data	resources from a variety of
instructional decision-making and		including student-learning	sources to create meaningful and
reflect on student learning		outcomes to help determine	challenging H/SS curriculum
outcomes related to disciplinary		instructional decision-making.	
knowledge, inquiry, and forms of		mistractional accision making.	
representation for competence in			
civic life. NCSS 3d			
civic life. NCSS 3d			
10 Candidates an assa la suma unit	Candidates utilize assessment	Condidates angues la servare in	Condidates anges learnes in
10. Candidates engage learners in		Candidates engage learners in	Candidates engage learners in
self-assessment practices that	practices in the classroom.	self-assessment practices that	self-assessment practices that
support individualized learning		monitor and evaluate the quality	may include setting learning
outcomes related to disciplinary		of their thinking and behavior	goals, participating in reflective
knowledge, inquiry, and forms of		when learning.	thinking, acquiring feedback from
representation for competence in			peers and others, and conducting
civic life. NCSS 3e			self-evaluations related to
			disciplinary knowledge, inquiry,

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			and <i>forms of representation</i> for competence in civic life.
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11. Candidates use knowledge of	Candidates plan and implement	Candidates use knowledge of	Candidates use knowledge of learners' socio-cultural assets,
learners' socio-cultural assets,	pedagogy that acknowledges	learners' socio-cultural assets,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
learning demands, and individual	learners' socio-cultural assets,	learning demands, and individual	learning demands, and individual
identities to plan and implement	learning demands, and individual	identities to plan and implement	identities to plan and implement
relevant and responsive pedagogy	identities.	pedagogy that is relevant to	pedagogy that is relevant to
that ensures equitable learning		learners' personal, family, and	learners' personal, family, and
opportunities in social studies.		community experiences.	community experiences that
NCSS 4a			demonstrate rigorous
		AND	expectations for all learners and
			the necessary scaffolding that
		Candidates use knowledge of	ensures their success.
		learners' socio-cultural assets,	
		learning demands, and individual	AND
		identities to plan and implement	
		pedagogy that is relevant to	Candidates use knowledge of
		learners' cognitive and emotional	learners' socio-cultural assets,
		demands.	learning demands, and individual
			identities to plan and implement
			pedagogy that is relevant to
			learners' cognitive and emotional
			demands that demonstrate
			rigorous expectations for all
			learners and the necessary
			scaffolding that ensures their
			success.
40.0			
12. Candidates facilitate	Candidates direct learning	Candidates facilitate collaborative	Candidates facilitate collaborative
collaborative, learning	environments that support	learning environments that	learning environments that foster
environments in which learners	teacher-dependent learning.	feature knowledge, practices, and	a community of learners who
use disciplinary facts, concepts,		forms of representation across	engage with knowledge,
and tools, engage in disciplinary		social studies disciplines to	practices, and forms of
inquiry, and create disciplinary		explore civic life.	representation across social
forms of representation across the			studies disciplines to become

social studies disciplines. NCSS 4b			informed advocates for an inclusive and equitable society.
40			inclusive and equitable society.
13. Candidates engage learners in	Candidates acknowledge social,	Candidates facilitate learners'	Candidates facilitate learners'
ethical reasoning to deliberate	political, and economic issues	engagement in ethical reasoning	engagement in ethical reasoning
social, political, and economic	with learners.	to deliberate social, political, and	to deliberate social, political, and
issues, communicate conclusions,		economic issues and	economic issues and
and take informed action toward		communicate conclusions that	communicate conclusions and
achieving a more inclusive and		identify potential opportunities	take informed action that
equitable society. NCSS 4c		for informed action.	challenges the effects of injustice
			in schools, community, or
			society.

Common Student Teaching Evaluation Items			
CT COMMON CORE OF TEACHING: Planning	Score 1: Emerging (Awareness, articulation, identification)	Score 2: Target (Puts into practice, implements)	Score 3: Exemplary (Builds on reflection, makes changes to improve practice, expands, connects)
Common Planning Item: Candidate aligns learning goals to state and national content standards and communicates learning goals to students.	Articulates state and national content standards and develops learning goals consistent with content standards and student development.	Uses learning goals that reflect content standards and student development to design appropriate educational activities; communicates goals to students.	Reflects on learning goals and links them closely to educational activities. Goals set high expectation for all students.
Common Planning Item: Candidate organizes and sequences curriculum and instruction to support all students' learning.	Articulates key elements of curriculum sequencing and demonstrates awareness of the importance of planned lesson organization to support and enhance student learning.	Uses subject matter knowledge to consistently organize units of instruction in a sequence that promotes student understanding and mastery of key ideas.	Reflects on units of instruction and student/classroom progress to make design improvements that integrate goals, standards, and educational activities in a cohesive sequence to promote student understanding of key ideas.

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CT COMMON CORE OF TEACHING: Instructing	Score 1: Emerging (Awareness, articulation, identification)	Score 2: Target (Puts into practice, implements)	Score 3: Exemplary (Builds on reflection, makes changes to improve practice, expands, connects)
Common Instruction Item: Candidate engages learners in relevant learning experiences using best practices from their discipline(s).	Understands and can articulate the relationship between research-based methods and information about students' diverse needs in the development of good instructional practice.	Uses research-based educational practices that are responsive to students' diverse backgrounds including disabilities, limited English proficiency, and cultural experiences to design lessons. Implements instructional strategies that reflect this connection.	Seeks out and utilizes a variety of subject-area best practices that are targeted to student/class-wide needs, helping students to access and build upon prior knowledge, interests, instructional, and linguistic needs to extend student understanding. Reflects on educational practices and makes changes to those practices based upon research base as well as knowledge of students' diverse needs and experiences.
Common Technology Item: Candidate uses developmentally and discipline-appropriate technology to support student learning.	Identifies technologies that are appropriate to a given instructional situation based upon understanding of content knowledge, curriculum design, standards, and students' unique needs.	Utilizes developmentally and discipline-appropriate technology to support and enhance student learning.	Reflects on how to use developmentally and discipline-appropriate technology to best meet student/class specific needs in order to support and enhance student learning.
CT COMMON CORE OF TEACHING: Assessing	Score 1: Emerging (Awareness, articulation, identification)	Score 2: Target (Puts into practice, implements)	Score 3: Exemplary (Builds on reflection, makes changes to improve practice, expands, connects)
Common Assessing Item: Candidate collects and uses data from appropriate assessments to monitor student learning and guide practice.	Candidate recognizes the use of data collection from appropriate assessments for monitoring student learning and for guiding practice.	Candidate collects and uses data from appropriate assessments to monitor student learning and guide practice.	Candidate collects, uses and analyzes data from appropriate assessments to monitor student learning and adjust his or her practice accordingly.

CT COMMON CORE OF TEACHING: Professional and Ethical Practice and Development	Score 1: Emerging (Awareness, articulation, identification)	Score 2: Target (Puts into practice, implements)	Score 3: Exemplary (Builds on reflection, makes changes to improve practice, expands, connects)
Common Diversity Item: Candidate responds to individual differences and diverse families, cultures and communities to promote inclusive and equitable learning experiences. Common Professionalism Item: Candidate acts according to professional standards.	Candidate recognizes the importance of external factors outside the classroom and school that affect student learning. Aware of professional organizations and can articulate standards associated with their area of expertise.	Candidate develops work plans and responds to students in ways that demonstrate an understanding of the influence of external factors outside the classroom and school. Incorporates professional standards into written work and discussions.	Candidate develops and makes adjustments to work plans and relationships with students that reflect an understanding of the influence of external factors on student learning. Extends own professional practice by reflecting on professional literature and analyzing relevance and connection to own practice.
Common Professionalism Item: Candidate engages in ongoing professional learning designed to further teacher knowledge and to support the needs of learners, schools, and communities.	Identifies professional learning opportunities and can articulate their potential impact on professional growth	Incorporates new knowledge and skills from professional learning opportunities into written work and discussions.	Extends own professional practice by reflecting on professional learning opportunities and engaging in a professional organization or professional workshops, seminars, and/or conferences.

Cooperating Teacher writes a summary comment about the teacher candidate's progress toward each standard in preparation for final 3-way meeting. University Supervisor can add to the summary comments, as needed.

CT Common Core of Teaching	Summary Comments
I. Teachers have knowledge of students, content and pedagogy regarding planning, instructing, assessing and adjusting.	
What strengths does the teacher candidate possess in these areas?	
What improvement can the teacher candidate make in these areas?	
II. Teachers have knowledge of students, content and pedagogy regarding professional and ethical practice, reflection and continuous learning, leadership and collaboration.	
What strengths does the teacher candidate possess in these areas?	
What improvement can the teacher candidate make in these areas?	
Comments:	